Starting Cloud-Based Research on BDC

BDC for PCGC Fellows

Tuesday, September 26th





Statement of Conduct

The BDC Consortium is dedicated to **providing a harassment-free experience for everyone**, regardless of gender, gender identity and expression, age, sexual orientation, disability, physical appearance, body size, race, or religion (or lack thereof). We do not tolerate harassment of community members in any form. Sexual language and imagery is generally not appropriate for any venue, including meetings, presentations, or discussions.

Web Resource: Statement of Conduct



Agenda

Topic	Time	
Welcome! Introductions, Housekeeping, and Icebreaker	10 min	
BDC's Role in Data Science - BDC Mission and Vision, Intro to the ecosystem	20 min	
Using BDC in a Research Project		
Data Discovery and Exploration	30 min	
Analysis on BDC	30 min	



Welcome!





Introductions

What inspired you to work in the sciences?





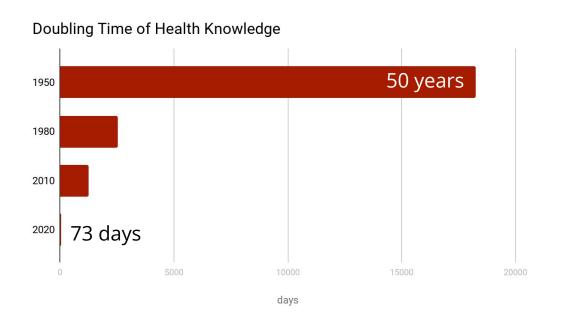


BDC's Role in Data Science





The rate of data generation is accelerating rapidly



- More biomedical data will be generated this year than all previous years combined
- Diverse data modalities including EHR data, Survey, Sequencing, Transcriptomics, Metabolomics, Proteomics, Imaging, Sensor, E-Phys, Flow Cytometry, and so on





Mission Vision

The *mission* is to develop and integrate advanced cyberinfrastructure, leading edge tools, and FAIR data to support the NHLBI research community.

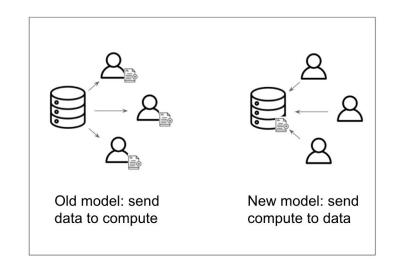
The *vision* is to be a community-driven ecosystem implementing data science solutions to democratize data and computational access to advance Heart, Lung, Blood, and Sleep science.



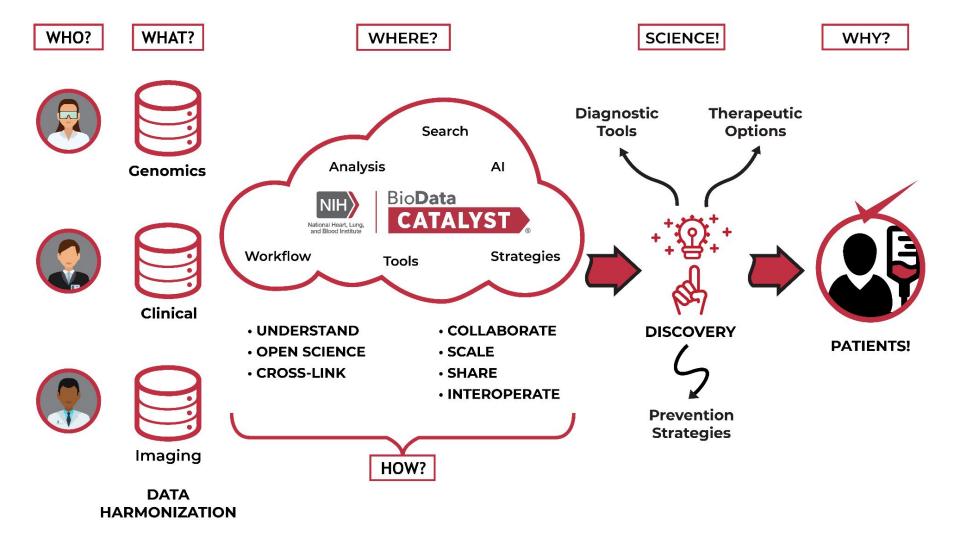


Using the Cloud to store and analyze growing health data

- Immediate scaling -- no need to wait to purchase and install hardware.
- Levels the playing field -- even researchers at institutions without large compute infrastructure investments can access powerful data and compute resources.
- Many researchers can access data without needing to physically copy it.
- Data and methods in a single place streamlines reproducibility.







What BDC offers



Managing the Computing Environment

Elastic Computing



Easier Access to many High Value Datasets



Tooling

Data Discovery

Statistical Analysis Tools (R, SAS)

Other Specialized Workflows



Community and Peer Interactions





The Computing Environment



No need to
download and
manage
(multiple) large
datasets



No computer system to manage



Pay **only** for what you **use**



Help desk and documentation





Platforms and Services

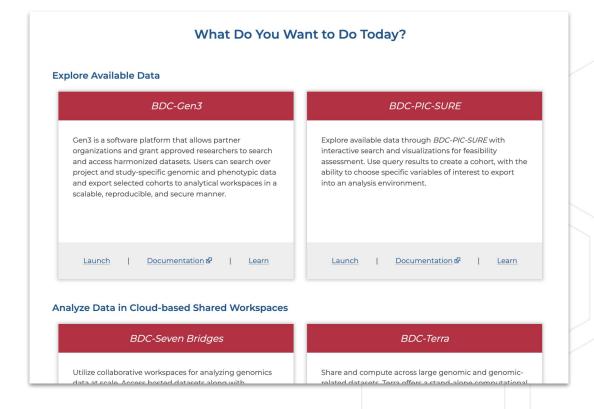
Explore Data

- PIC-SURE
- Gen3

Analyze Data

- Seven Bridges
- Terra

→ View BDC Services







Community engagement and support

Though the primary goal of BDC is to build a data science platform, at its core, this is a people-centric endeavor. BDC is also building a **community of practice** working to collaboratively solve technical and scientific challenges.

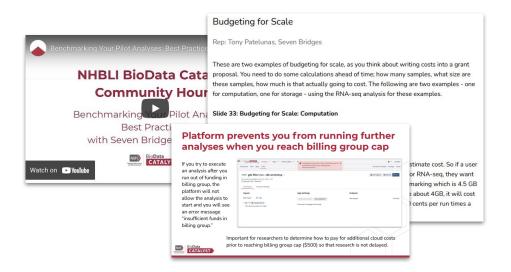


- User-driven, vibrant community
- Peer-to-peer mentoring
- Support available via platforms
- Community Forum
- Community Hours & Showcases



Community Hours

Monthly sessions on a variety of topics Materials made available for registrants



Topics of interest:

- Exploring and Accessing Data
- Tour of the Analysis Workspaces
- Cloud Costs
- Community Showcases
- Interactive Analysis
- Reproducible Research Methods
- Reproducible Science

...and more!





Learning Resources

Many of the questions new users have may already be answered on either the BDC Gitbook or one of the Platform websites.

Our Gitbook documentation includes:

- Instructions on approvals and accounts needed to access BDC and how to check data access
- User Guides for PIC-SURE, Gen3, Seven Bridges, Terra, and Dockstore

Website resource: Learn

Documentation Resource: BioData Catalyst Documentation









Questions?



Using BDC in a Research Project





Curricula of:

Using BDC in a Research Project

Learning goals:

- Search and select data relevant to your research question
- Create and use a project in a cloud-computing analysis workspace
- Discover some available tools and workflows



Platforms and Services

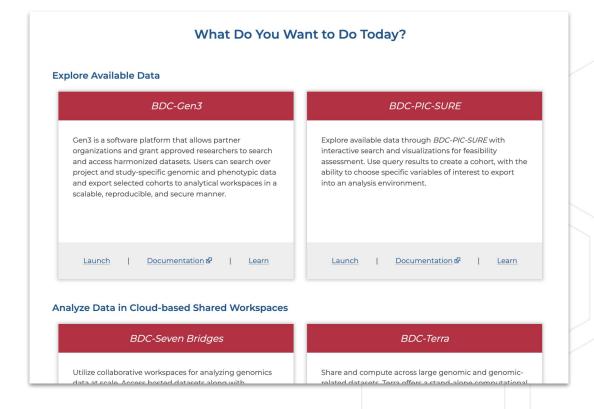
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→ View BDC Services







Data on BDC





Introduction to dbGaP

BDC ingests various datasets from the **Database of Genotypes and Phenotypes**, **or dbGaP** (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gap/)

What is dbGaP?

- Public repository for individual phenotype, exposure, genotype, and sequence data
- Main purpose is to archive and distribute the results of studies investigating the association between genotype and phenotype
- Researchers submit a Data Access Request (DAR) and are able to download the study files when authorized for research



How is data organized in dbGaP?

- Data is organized into studies
 - Each study has a specific accession number or unique identifier (e.g., phs000007)
- Studies have multiple subjects, or study participants
- Data organized by consent groups, based on consents given by subjects (research purposes their data can be used for)
- Studies consist of phenotypic and/or genotypic data
 - Phenotypic data is generally referred to as **variables**
 - Genotypic data is generally referred to as samples



Data Available in BDC

3.42 Petabytes of data



280,000+ Participants



490,000+ Data files



150,000+ Whole genomes





Data Available in BDC

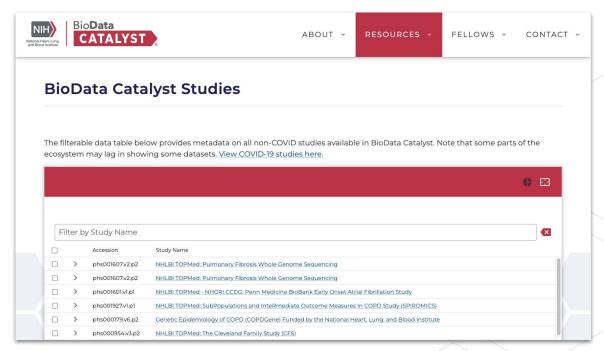
BDC is always ingesting new data

Check BDC website for a full list of studies available on the ecosystem

Resources → Data

Click "Explore Studies"





https://biodatacatalyst.nhlbi.nih.gov/resources/data/studies





Bring-Your-Own Data

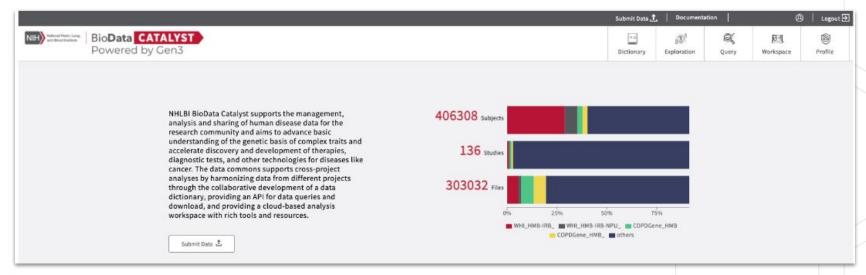
- To support flexibility and analysis, we allow researchers to bring their own data and workflows into the ecosystem.
- Users can upload data for which they have the appropriate approval, provided that they do not violate the terms of their Data Use Agreements, Limitations, or IRB policies and guidelines.

Web resource: Bring Your Own Data



Gen3 - Key Features

- 1. Source of Truth File Object Persistence & Dataset Metadata
- 2. Interoperability Standards-based integration points with other systems
- Data Access eRA Commons / dbGaP Authorization Inheritance
- 4. Data Ingestion Robust data ingestion pipeline

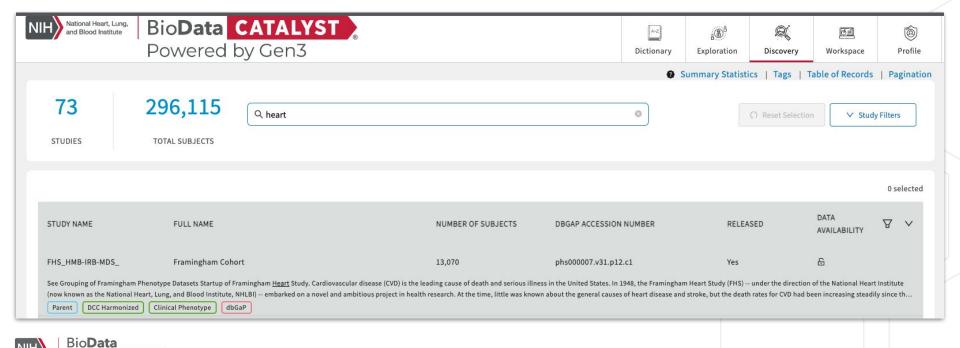






Gen3 - Discovery Page

A tool for discovery of released datasets (fully open, no required approval to discovery available data, <u>dbGaP FHIR</u>).

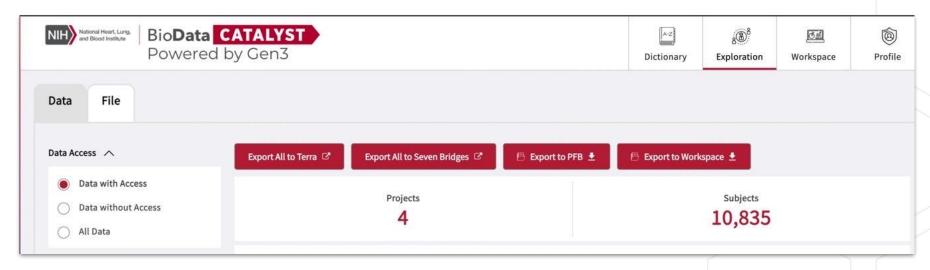


Gen3 - Exploration Page

A dynamic summary statistics display and cohort builder for export:

Search facets leveraging harmonized variables.

Standardized Cohort Handoff support to move cohort to analysis workspaces (e.g. Broad's Terra System, Velsera's Seven Bridges system).







Gen3 - Service and API Resources

- Useful Gen3 URL endpoints
 - https://gen3.biodatacatalyst.nhlbi.nih.gov/submission
 - https://gen3.biodatacatalyst.nhlbi.nih.gov/guery
 - https://gen3.biodatacatalyst.nhlbi.nih.gov/index/index/
 - https://gen3.biodatacatalyst.nhlbi.nih.gov/mds/metadata/<guid>
 - https://gen3.biodatacatalyst.nhlbi.nih.gov/DD
- Gen3 SDK https://github.com/uc-cdis/gen3sdk-python
- Gen3 Client https://gen3.org/resources/user/gen3-client/



Live Demo: Gen3 Discovery and Exploration Tools





Empowering researchers to access data

BDC Powered by PIC-SURE facilitates approachable research for all skill levels.



Search at the variable value and genomic variant level



Apply filters to create a cohort





Dataframe ready for research without opening any files or mapping to data dictionaries





Live Demo: PIC-SURE Open Access





Open vs Authorized Access

	PIC-SURE Open Access	PIC-SURE Authorized Access
Overview	Allows any user with eRA Commons ID to search any clinical variable in PIC-SURE	Allows users with dbGaP authorization to access data and export to analysis platforms
Access authorization	No approval required, just eRA Commons ID	dbGaP authorization required
Data types	Destigmatized clinical variables	All phenotypic and genomic data
Results	Aggregate counts based on queries	Participant-level data
Use case	Explore datasets to request access to based on query of interest	Filter datasets to cohort of interest to run analyses



Submitting a Data Access Request (DAR)

BDC uses dbGaP infrastructure for managing access to controlled-access data

Requirements:

- 1. An NIH eRA Commons account (or other valid NIH login). To learn more about this, visit <u>Understanding eRA Commons</u>.
- 2. User must have Principal Investigator status. Those who are not PIs can ask their PI to add them as a data downloader.



Questions?



Analysis on BDC





Curricula of:

Using BDC in a Research Project

Learning goals:

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Analysis Platforms



BioData CATALYST

Powered by Seven Bridges



BioData CATALYST
Powered by Terra





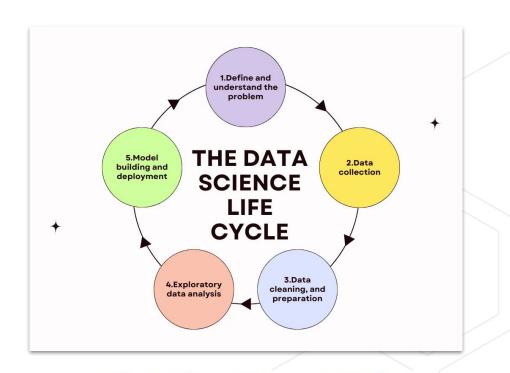
Workflows

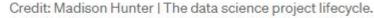
Workflows (aka pipelines) are a series of steps performed by an external compute engine that are often used for automated, bulk analysis (such as aligning genomic reads)



Data Science Life Cycle

- Data science has an interactive nature
- BDC is here to support you on every step
- Examples
 - Data collection PIC SURE / Gen3
 - Exploratory data analysis Data Studio
 - Model building and deployment -CWL, WDL apps





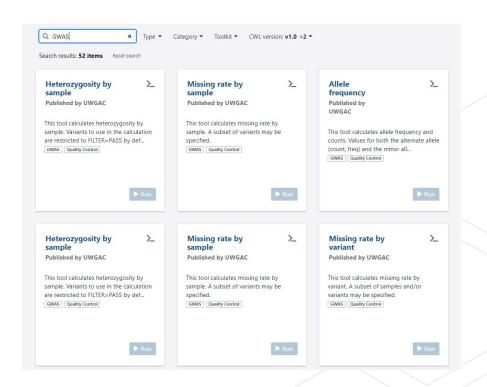




BDC-Seven Bridges

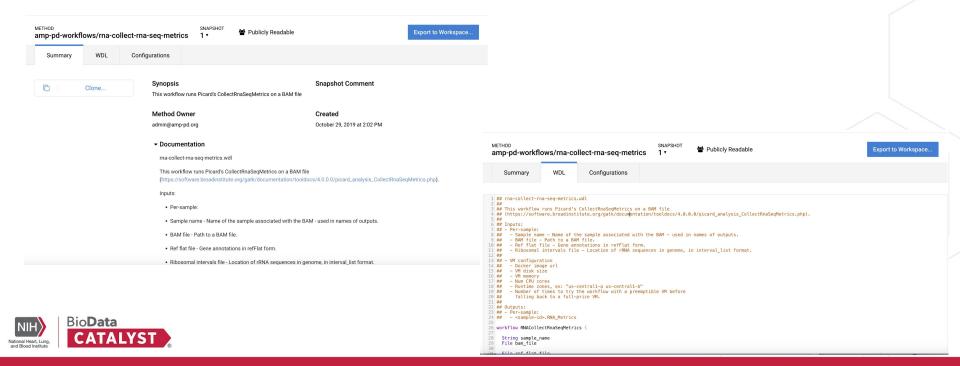
A curated collection of **800**⁺ bioinformatics tools & workflows:

- Optimized for speed & cost in the cloud
- Fully <u>parameterized</u> & customizable
- Accessible via the user interface & API
- Tool descriptions and helpful hints





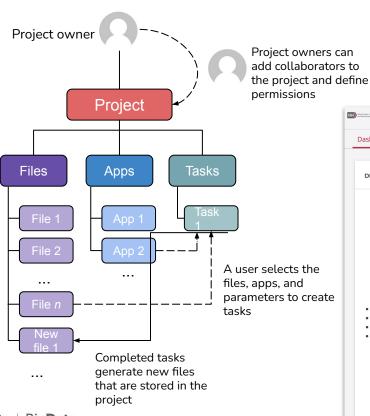
- Can write your own in WDL
- Can access 1,500+ public workflows in our methods repository



Workspaces and Projects

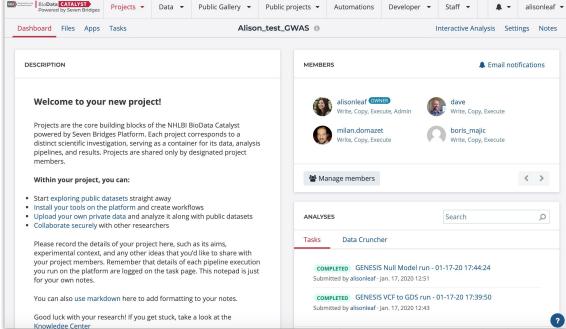
Workspaces (BioData Catalyst powered by Terra) and Projects (BioData Catalyst powered by Seven Bridges) are dedicated space where you and your collaborators can access and organize the same data and tools and run analyses together.

Seven Bridges - Projects organize files, methods, and results



Also known as workspaces or sandboxes

Easily manage collaborators and permissions







User friendly workflow editor enables reproducibility by default

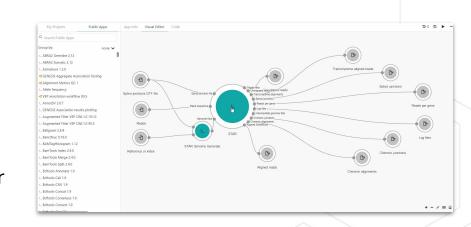
Common Workflow Language enables portability, reproducibility, and scalability

Use or combine 800+ optimized tools and workflows to construct your analysis

Seamlessly import workflows from external public repos

Create your own tools with our CWL Tool Editor

Expose or lock parameters appropriately

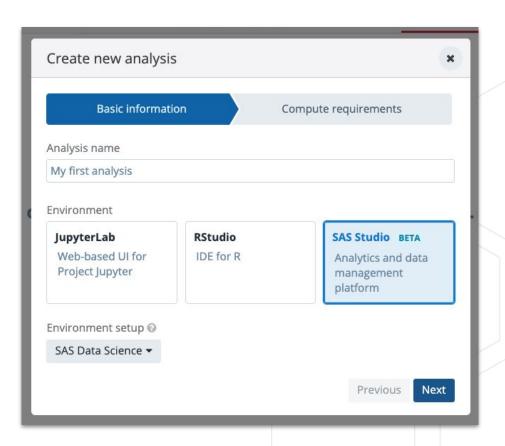




Interactive analysis

Fast prototyping and implementation of custom tertiary analysis tools using interactive Java, Python and R in the JupyterLab environment as well as RStudio.

All project files available within JupyterLab, RStudio, and SAS. Over 50 instances to select from.



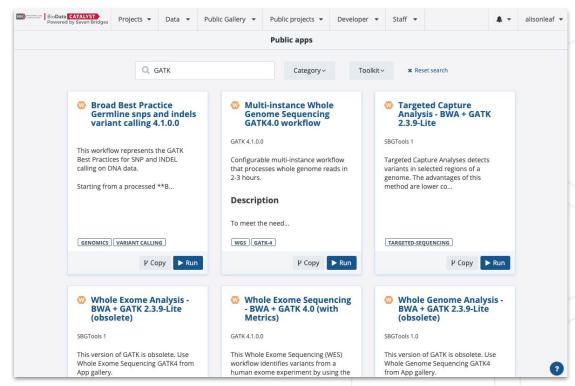




Find the tools you need in the Public Apps Gallery

A curated collection of **800**⁺ bioinformatics tools & workflows:

- Optimized for speed & cost in the cloud
- Fully <u>parameterized</u> & customizable
- Accessible via the user interface & API
- Tool descriptions and helpful hints



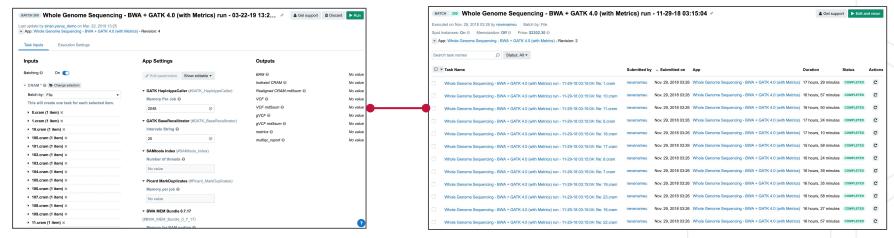




Scale to 100's and 1000's of tasks in parallel using batching

Only one input per task can be selected for batching.

- Turn on the batching option on the draft task page, and select batch criteria: by File, or File metadata (e.g. Sample ID, Library ID).
- For each batch criteria match, a task will be created.







Detailed documentation and tutorials

Comprehensive tips for reliable and efficient analysis set-up

BIODATA CATALYST POWERED BY SEVEN BRIDGES

Objective

Helpful terms to know

User Accounts & Billing Groups

Further reading

Tips for Running Tools/Workflows

Start with the descriptions

Test the workflow

Specify computational resources

Learn about Instance Profiles

Scale up with Batch Analysis

Parallelize with Scatter

Configuring default computational resources

Further analysis and interpretation of your Results

Getting started

JupyterLab environment

Accessing the files

Saving the created files

OBJECTIVE

We have prepared this guide to help you with your first set of projects on BioData Catalyst powered by Seven Bridges. Each section has specific examples and instructions to demonstrate how to accomplish each step. We also highlight potential stumbling blocks so you can avoid them as you get set up. If you need more information on a particular subject, our Knowledge Center has additional information on all of the platform features. Additionally, our support team is available 24/7 to help!

HELPFUL TERMS TO KNOW

Tool refers to a stand-alone bioinformatics tool or its Common Workflow Language (CWL) wrapper that is created or already available on the platform.

Workflow / Pipeline (interchangeably used) – denotes a number of tools connected together in order to perform multiple analysis steps in one run.

App stands for a CWL wrapper of a tool or a workflow that is created or already available on the platform.

Task – represents an execution of a particular tool or workflow on the platform. Depending on what is being executed (tool or workflow), a single task can consist of only one tool execution (tool case) or multiple executions (one or more per each tool in the workflow).

Job – this refers to the "execution" part from the "Task" definition (see above). It represents a single run of a single tool found within

Troubleshooting Failed Tasks

BIODATA CATALYST POWERED BY SEVEN BRIDGES

Helpful terms to know

Getting started

Examples: Quick & Unambiguous

Task 1: Docker image not found

Task 2: Insufficient disk space

Task 3: Scatter over a non-list input

Task 4: Automatic allocation of the required instance is not possible

Task 5: JavaScript evaluation error due to lack of metadata

Task 6: Invalid JavaScript indexing

Task 7: Insufficient memory for Java process

Examples: File compatibility challenges

Task 8: STAR reports incompatible chromosome names

Task 9: RSEM reports incompatible chromosome names

Task 10: Incompatible alignment coordinates

Examples: When error messages are not enough

Task 11: Invalid command line

Tasks and examples described in this guide are available as a public project on the Platform.

Often the first step to a user becoming comfortable using BioData Catalyst powered by Seven Bridges is their gaining confidence in resolving issues they encounter on their own. This confidence usually comes with experience – the experience with bioinformatics tools and Linux environment in general, but also the experience with the platform features.

However, one of the reasons for developing the platform in the first place is to enable an additional level of abstraction between the users and low-level command line work in the terminal. Even though there are a number of platform features that help with tracking down the issues, the less-experienced users can still face challenges with troubleshooting because the whole process might assume familiarity digging through the tool and system messages.

Fortunately, there is a set of steps that most often brings us to the solution. Based on internal knowledge and experience, the Seven Bridges team has come up with the *Troubleshooting Cheat Sheet* (Figure 1) which should help you navigate through the process of resolving the failed



Visit the Knowledge Center

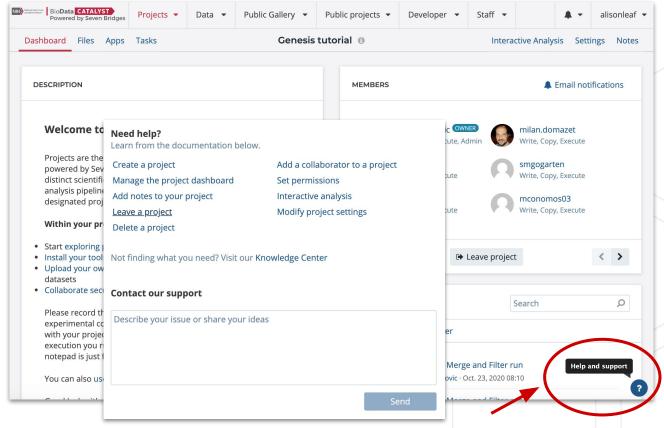




Getting Help - Contacting Support from the platform

| Description | Projects | Data | Public Gallery | Public projects | Developer | Staff | Developer | Developer | Staff | Developer |

24/7 Help Desk can help you with failed analyses, login issues, or any other platform issue.







Public Projects provide examples to follow

- Worked out example projects to get you started
- Contain files, apps, completed analysis tasks, Data Studio examples
- Can copy the entire project to your private dashboard

Public projects you can access to analyse your data

Start your analysis by copying one of our publicly available projects with all of the required resources

Introduction to SAS

Introduction to SAS_## About this project This project was built as a collaboration between the SAS team and Seven Bridges. The goal is for a user to learn the basics of the SAS programming language through annotated code and example analysis including importing data, cleaning data, running regressions, and working with genetic sequencing data. There are three parts to the project.

P Copy project

Automated Chest Imaging Platform (CIP) CT Phenotyping and Machine Learning Discovery in COPD

P Copy project

TOPMed Freeze8 Variant Calling

TOPMed Freeze8 Variant Calling
Pipeline --- ## About the Analysis
TOPMed Variant Calling pipeline
detects and genotypes variants from a list
of aligned sequences. It was developed
by Hyun Min Kang and Jonathon LeFaive
from the University of Michigan [GitHub]
(https://github.com/statgen/topmed_variant_

P Copy project

Data Interoperability

Data Import with DRS ### Examples on How to Bring the Data From Other Cloud Environments As part of their [DRS API] (https://github.com/ga4gh/datarepository-service-schemas) effort, the GA4GH Cloud Work Stream group has

PIC-SURE API

This project contains JupyterLab and RStudio example notebooks for accessing PIC-SURE API. They can be located in the [Data Studio]

(https://platform.sb.biodatacatalyst.nhlbi.nih.c sure-api/analysis/cruncher). You can

COVID-19 Image Segmentation with Deep Learning

This project provides deep learning image segmentation tools in a Jupyter notebook, along with a pretrained model for segmenting lung area from CT





Live Help - Seven Bridges Office Hours

Questions? Need help?

We hold sessions twice a week:

Tuesdays at 10am ET

Thursdays at 2pm ET

Come chat with us about your research!

Does Thursdays at 2pm ET work for everyone for the next few weeks to meet?

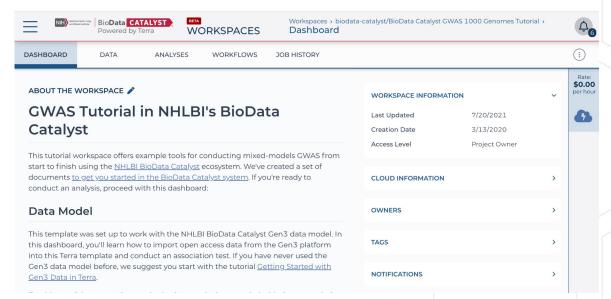


Scan the QR code
Or browse to
https://meet.google.com/kbs-ojnj-dcg



Dashboard

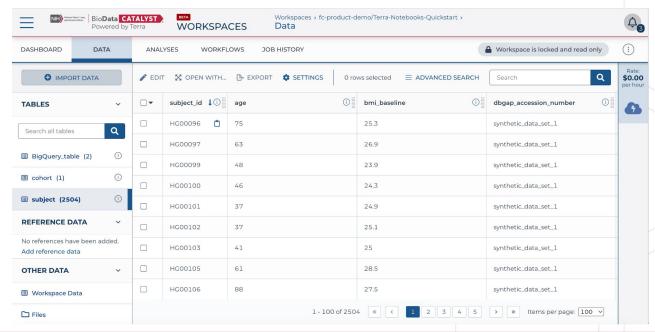
- General overview of the workspace that includes documentation on the workspace itself,
 cloud information, owners, and tags
- Good documentation makes your analysis easy to share (with others, as well as with your future self) and reproduce.





Data

- Import your own data or access data that is stored in Terra
- Convenient spreadsheet formatted data tables help keep track of all project data, no matter where files are stored in the cloud.

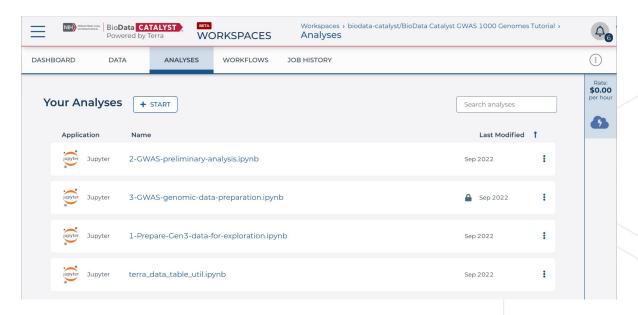






Analyses

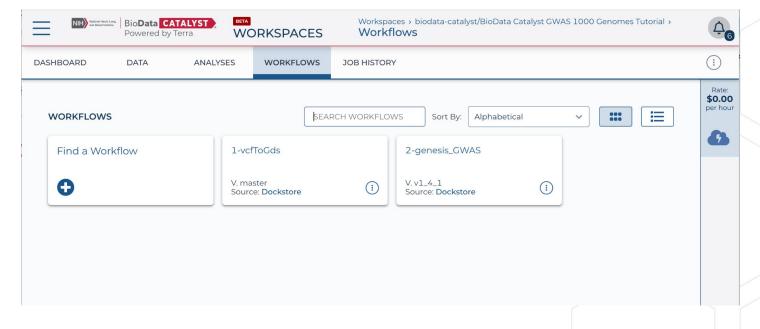
- o Integrate and visualize your data in real time using Galaxy, Jupyter Notebooks, or RStudio
- All three apps run on virtual machines or clusters of machines in a workspace Cloud Environment.







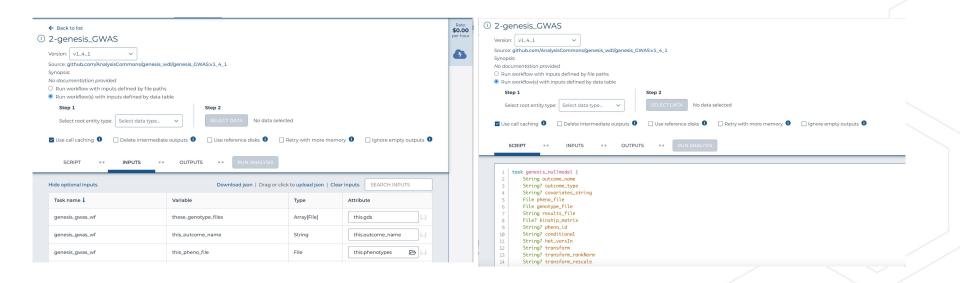
- Workflows
 - Collect, configure (set up) and run workflows for bulk analyses







- Workflows
 - Can edit WDL script directly or use UI to assign inputs and outputs







- Useful Workspaces
 - Working with GnomAD data
 - Whole Genome Analysis Pipeline
 - Workflows Tutorial
- Useful Workflows
 - Processing for Variant Discovery
 - o CRAM to BAM
 - Generate Sample Map
 - HaploType Caller



Live Demo: Seven Bridges





Working Session

- 1. Create your own project/sandbox on BDC-Seven Bridges
 - a. Name project in this format PCGC_First_Last
 - b. Add any of the BDC reps or other PCGC Fellows to the project
 - c. Copy files, apps, and JupyterLab from the main project

2. Discuss:

- a. What software do you need to run on BDC for your research?
 - i. Example: GWAS will require different software than RNA-Seq differential expression
- b. What is your timeline?

Feel free to ask any questions.



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Scan the QR code
Or browse to
https://meet.google.com/kbs-ojnj-dcg



Closing



Session Recap

- BDC is a cloud-based ecosystem of tools that enable research, including:
 - Data discovery and exploration
 - Research analysis and workflow development
- Projects and Workspaces are secure, private containers for your files, software and analysis tasks
- Workflows are scalable analysis tools that can be written yourself in either WDL or CWL or found in one of BDC's various methods repositories



Next steps

- Practice: Log-in and try out what we discussed
- Engage on the forum
- Join Seven Bridges Office Hours
- Discussion: What would be most helpful for YOU?

Questions?

